# BRIGHTLINGSEA HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED $31^{\rm ST}$ MARCH 2019

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# Company Information for the year ended 31 March 2019

CHAIRMAN: Mr. J Addison

**HARBOUR MASTER:** Mr J Thomas

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 4 Copperas Road Brightlingsea

Brightlingsea Essex CO7 0AP

**AUDITORS:** Tile & Co

Warden House 37 Manor Road Colchester Essex CO3 3LX

# Strategic Report for the year ended 31 March 2019

The Commissioners present their strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2019.

#### INTRODUCTION

Brightlingsea Harbour is a trust port and as such is an independent statutory body governed by its own unique statute. There are no shareholders or owners, and any surplus is ploughed back into the port for the benefit of the stakeholders of the trust port. This annual report encompasses the advice within the Ports' Good Governance Guidance March 2018 publication which highlights a need for a general improvement in the openness and accountability with which trust ports conduct their business. The UK Corporate Government Code sets out the purpose of corporate governance as being 'to facilitate effective, entrepreneurial and prudent management that can deliver the long term success of a company'. This is relevant to the activities of Strategic Harbour Authorities, concerned as they are with the long term success and sustainability of a harbour.

Brightlingsea Harbour is a small mixed leisure and commercial port with a rich heritage and is within a nature conservation area of international importance. The Harbour comprises a commercial wharf, a marina and several boatyards and provides a total of about 500 berths and moorings which can accommodate boats of up to 50 feet (15m) and 8 feet (2.5m) draft. Facilities at the Harbour have steadily been upgraded over recent years and now include a water taxi and ferry service, fuelling facilities, scrubbing posts, access to toilets and showers, and a laundry.

Brightlingsea Harbour was established by an Act of Parliament in 1927 as a Trust Port. It is an independent statutory body governed by a board of trustees known as Commissioners comprising the Chairman, the Harbour Master, and a number of other non-executive commissioners. The Chairman and non-executive commissioners are all unpaid volunteers and their appointment is based on the skills and knowledge they bring to the organisation. They are selected and appointed, after the positions are publicly advertised, for a four-year period. They meet as a minimum on 12 occasions throughout the year. The Harbour Master is a Commissioner as well as a full-time employee.

As trustees for the harbour, Brightlingsea Harbour Commissioners (BHC) have responsibilities to the Department of Transport and stakeholders to serve local and regional interests, with an ultimate goal to safeguard the Harbour and to hand it on in the same or better condition to succeeding generations. Stakeholders are not specifically defined but are considered to include harbour users, the local community, local businesses and central government.

The Commissioners, under the Port Marine Safety Code, are accountable for marine safety within the harbour and as such are required to formally and actively consider the safety of people using the harbour and its environment. This responsibility includes the requirement to conduct channel surveys, maintain navigation marks and prepare for civil contingencies.

The limits of the statutory harbour include all the waters in Brightlingsea Creek to the east of a line drawn between the Martello Tower at Point Clear and Bateman's Tower in Brightlingsea, with the exception of the area of St Osyth boatyard. Following the closure of the port of Colchester, Brightlingsea Harbour Commissioners assumed the responsibility for maintaining all the navigation marks and providing pilotage in the River Colne downstream of Roman River. The regulation of these waters is governed by Brightlingsea Harbour Acts and Orders 1927 to 2002, and the Colchester Borough Council Act 2001.

BHC are publicly accountable for the execution of their duties and have the power to enforce Harbour Dues to cover the costs of discharging their statutory obligations. These dues are payable by all users of the Harbour. As a Trust Port it should be run as a commercial business, seeking to generate a surplus that can be ploughed back into the port.

## **STAKEHOLDERS**

It is important to understand who Brightlingsea Harbour's stakeholders are; it is not simply the marine community. Port Users, the local Brightlingsea community of 10000 people, local businesses, port employees, related interest groups and the national economy are also considered. Stakeholders are the shareholders in the port so the interests of these groups will be served by the board at all times. If conflicts of interest between stakeholders occur the board will exercise its duty to strike a balance which respects the interests of all stakeholders in the light of the objectives of the port, including commercial considerations, and what constitutes the 'common good' for all stakeholders (current and future) and the port itself using the following guiding principles:

- " Ensure sufficient water depth is established and maintained
- " Maintain, protect and enhance our natural environment
- " Maintain similar mix and number of moorings
- " Establish enhanced facilities for visiting boats

# Strategic Report for the year ended 31 March 2019

- " Identify gaps in services and, where appropriate, either work with others to provide or provide ourselves
- " Work towards achieving relevant quality standards (eg ISO, Eco Port)
- " Establish financial model which ensures sustainability, phased capital equipment replacement and a regular maintenance schedule
- " Maintain and build strong working relationships with all harbour users and stakeholders
- " Provide value for money."

Six monthly meetings of the Commercial Advisory and Leisure and Recreational Advisory Groups have been held, and provided valuable input to the harbour commissioners. Greater use of the harbour's website, twitter and Facebook to promulgate information, including minutes of commissioners' meetings, has been made. Stakeholder engagement is welcomed and opportunities for more information exchange will continue to be explored.

## PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The demand for mid-stream pontoon moorings remained high, whilst the Harbour had spare capacity in the more traditional swinging and fore and aft moorings.

The number of visiting boats, water taxi, ferry scheduled and charter passengers increased by 2%, 1% and 21% respectively on the previous year.

Commercial activity revenue from Oliver's Wharf increased by 10%, pilotage too increased by 21% whilst sales of fuel delivered a small 4% increase this year. Fuel provision remains a key service provided to Harbour users and will be retained for as long as it is viable.

The continued management of the Colne River Navigation to Wivenhoe from the Bench Head buoy on behalf of Colchester Borough Council.

Involvement in charitable events, donations, schools' engagement and schools' week, where the Harbour engages with schools to educate and stimulate future harbour users.

The Commissioners have allocated £280,000 from reserves to ensure the water depths in the Harbour are retained or enhanced. During the initial stages of this project, and in liaison with four European partners, a European Union grant was obtained to support and increase the capacity of this four-year project. More details are available via the Harbour website; www.brightlingseaharbour.org.

# FINANCIAL POSITION

The budget was set for the 2018/19 financial year which aimed to achieve approximately 7% contribution to reserves at the end of the year. The turnover for the year ending 31st March 2019 was £557,327, with a deficit after taxation of £61,528. This deficit was the result of expenditure allocated from reserves to the re piling of Cindery Pontoon costs, which were £132,000.

BHC remains in a sound financial position with a satisfactory level of reserves. The current Commissioners' approach to allocating these reserves is as follows:-

- -£250,000 was set aside in 2016 and a further £30,000 in 2017 to cover the net costs of the EU funded project. This fund will be utilised as monies are spent. This year £184,398 was allocated against the fund. A further transfer of £30,000 was made as extra works will be undertaken.
- To maintain a minimum of £300,000 to ensure BHC has the ability to cover a full year's operational expenditure.
- A proportion of the remaining reserves allocated on a year-on-year basis to BHC's Capital Equipment Replacement programme.

## **EQUIPMENT**

The current cost to replace or where appropriate repair all of the Harbour's operational assets would be a minimum of £1,055,819.50. For FY 2018/19 a fully-costed comprehensive repair and replacement plan was established. With prices based on costs as at 2018, the plan requires at least £50,000 to be transferred to reserves annually.

## **DREDGING**

The Harbour requires sufficient depth of water to maintain its commercial activities therefore a requirement to dredge frequently exists in three specific areas:

#### Commercial

- " The Harbour's main channel entrance up to the town pontoon, maintaining a depth of 1m below Chart Datum (CD).
- "The Town pontoon to Oliver's Wharf and Fuel Barge, maintaining a depth of 0.75m below CD.

# Strategic Report for the year ended 31 March 2019

" Area of the Fuel Barge, maintaining a depth of 0.75m below CD.

#### Leisure Harbour

"The moorings in the South channel dredged to a depth of 0.75m below CD.

#### Leisure Marina

" The Marina Depth maintained frequently ensuring that sediment is always in suspension and periodically dredged to a depth of 2m.

Reserves have been set initially at £10,000 and put aside to maintain these depths.

## **COST MANAGEMENT**

In the relentless strive for efficiency the services engaged by the Harbour regularly are kept constantly under review in FY18/19 we reduced our accountancy costs by 10%, printing by 45% and insurances by 10% to highlight just a few.

#### MARINE AND OTHER ACTIVITIES

# **Leisure Moorings**

The Pontoons out in the Creek are at capacity so the demand is high with a number of applicants on a waiting list. We need to manage the lifespan of these assets so this year invested £132,000 to replace the Piling on Cindery Pontoon. It is envisaged that over the next few years, as we add or replace piles and carry out pontoon maintenance, that it may be possible to accommodate an increase in numbers.

#### Marina

In 2017 we were appointed to manage the Waterside Marina facility and have developed a detailed financial plan. Some restructuring, comprehensive maintenance and an enhanced maintenance dredging programme have been developed. In addition, in FY19/20 we plan to invest in showers and toilets. We have made provision of £35,000 to cover rental and costs, which will be recovered from revenues generated by residents and visitors.

We will also invest a minimum of £10,000 annually into maintenance dredging to avoid the berths drying out. The aim of this is to extend the periods between more comprehensive dredging and to reduce cost.

## Taxi

The water taxi facility enables resident mooring holders and visitors to cross between boats and the Town Jetty. It runs throughout the year during office hours. Taxi hours are extended into the evenings at weekends and during the main season. The Harbour wishes to maintain this subsidised service to users, working towards 'break even' at best. Greater use of tokens has been revenue positive and the service now returns consistent revenues.

# **Colne Navigation**

The Harbour's management of the River Colne navigation from the Bench Head Buoy to Wivenhoe continues. The inspection, maintenance, repair and replacement of buoys is carried out at regular intervals to ensure it is fit for purpose in providing safe navigation for mariners using the River Colne. The capital value of the Buoys is £118,000, whilst the cost to inspect, replace, service and maintain buoys annually is approximately £82,500. Independent inspection from Trinity House ensures our work has been carries out to a high standard and has led to comments such as 'these are some of the best kept buoys in the UK'.

## **Colne Policing**

The Harbour committed to investing £10,000 over two financial years in the education, control and policing of the Harbour and River Colne by users speeding in their vessels. Large signs have been erected at launching locations, waterproof leaflets have been distributed to users, alongside visits to clubs and PWC launch areas. There have also been several prosecutions. In FY 19/20 the Harbour revised its plans to manage PWC and has established a partnership with Colchester Borough Council to deliver a River Patrol using £5000 of reserves to manage the areas north of its Statutory area. Harbour staff and stakeholders continue to report a reduction in incidents of speeding and many more examples of compliance.

# Strategic Report for the year ended 31 March 2019

#### Visitors

The Harbour has a part to play in attracting visitors. In this 2018/19 financial year we invested £4,000 in advertising, visited other ports, produced leaflets and continued with the Visitors' guide. This has resulted in a further increase of 2% in visitor numbers. There is always more that we can do, but ultimately visitors come to visit Brightlingsea not just the Harbour. The Harbour will continue to work closely with the town to build its profile.

#### **Ferry**

The ferry does not attract public subsidy. The Ferry to Point Clear and East Mersea, although not a commuter line, does offer passengers the ability to travel between locations which would have otherwise been a longer journey by car or bus. In

FY 18/19 there was an increase in revenue of 21%. For FY19/20, the Harbour sought ways of reducing costs and passing on savings to customers and were able to freeze fare increases.

## Wharf and commercial activity

Oliver's Wharf still provides a working trade platform for import and export from the UK. The Wharf is run by a local businessman who relies on the Harbour to maintain a channel depth of 1m below CD, which has been achieved in the first year of the Dredging Plan. The Harbour will continues to maintain the dredged depth and as a result has seen an increase in use of the Wharf of 10%.

The Harbour continues to engage with other commercial operators to provide support where required in the same manner as it does with Orsted the largest commercial operator. There has been an increase in short term commercial operators using the Harbour as a base for their activities.

#### Sponsorship and use of local services

Wherever possible the Harbour will use local service provision at the market rate to carry out its functions. It will also at times sponsor specific activities by stakeholders.

Charitable causes

Many of the projects the Harbour supports are non-profit making and in most cases are at a cost to the Harbour. One such example is Schools' week; the stakeholders (school children) spend a day being shown the marine environment aboard fishing vessels, ferries and historical smacks. This is not only educational but aims to inspire potential future Harbour users. The Harbour invested £5,000 in the project in this financial year and will continue to do so in the future. The Harbour also regularly donates sums to local charities - Brightlingsea Regatta, 'Brightlingsea in Bloom', the local RNLI, St Helena Hospice and First Responders to name but a few.

In addition, the Harbour provides free use of passage on its resources to those engaged in charitable work.

## **OTHER ACTIVITIES**

The Harbour does not operate in isolation and is therefore reliant on positive business relationships across the marine sector locally. When any of those services ceases or requires support we are prepared to assist or, where appropriate, replace until such time as that business can be handed over. Budgets will be decided on a case by case basis.

## **STAFFING**

The staffing element of the Harbour is made up of a small permanent cadre of staff which is supported by locally available incremental staff during busier periods. The balancing of individual needs and requirements is a sensitive one and continually under review. The only way to guarantee a steady and consistent team is to ensure that revenue is maintained and enhanced by the Harbour actively engaging in advertising its activities and continuing to improve its offer.

# ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr J Thomas
Commissioner/Harbourmaster/Chief Executive
Date: 04 12 19

# Report of the Commissioners for the year ended 31 March 2019

The Commissioners presents report with the financial statements of the entity for the year ended 31 March 2019.

#### COMMISSIONERS

The Commissioners shown below have held office during the period from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2018 to the date of this report unless shown otherwise:

J. Thomas (Harbour Master)
J. Addison (Chairman)
A. Scott (Vice Chairman)

D. Nicholson

J. Carr (Completion of term 09/09/2018)

N. Taylor P. Hatswell F. Brown

A Thomas (Appointed 30/09/2018) I Finch (Appointed 30/09/2018)

## STATEMENT OF COMMISSIONERS'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Harbours Act 1964, as amended by subsequent legislation, requires the Commissioners to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Commissioners have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the Commissioners must not approve the financial statements unless satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Brightlingsea Harbours Commission and of the results for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Commissioners are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Commissioners are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Brightlingsea Harbours Commissioners' transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of the entity and to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. The Commissioners are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the entity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the Commissioners are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the Brightlingsea Harbours Commissioners' auditors are unaware, and each Commissioner has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Commissioner in order to make the auditors aware of any relevant audit information.

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Tile & Co, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Chairman: Mr J Addison

Date...04.12.19......

# Report of the Independent Auditors to the Officers of Brightlingsea Harbour Commissioners

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Brightlingsea Harbour Commissioners for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102(1a) 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Brightlingsea Harbours Commissioners' affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

## **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Commissioners use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Commissioners have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Brightlingsea Harbours Commissioners' ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

# Other information

The Commissioners are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Commissioners, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Commissioners for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Commissioners has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Brightlingsea Harbour Commissioners

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the entity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Commissioners.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Commissioners' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit;

## **Responsibilities of Commissioners**

As explained more fully in the Statement of Commissioners' Responsibilities set out on page two, the Commissioners are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Commissioners determines necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Commissioners are responsible for assessing the Brightlingsea Harbour Commissioners' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Commissioners either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Brightlingsea Harbours Commissioners, as a body, in accordance with the Harbours Act 1964 as amended by the Transport Act 1981 and subsequent legislation and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Brightlingsea Harbours Commissioners those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Brightlingsea Harbours Commissioners as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr Jonathon Tile (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Tile & Co (Statutory Auditor)
Warden House
37 Manor Road
Colchester
Essex
CO3 3LX

# Income Statement for the year ended 31 March 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
TURNOVER		557,327	934,367
Cost of sales		247,209	596,012
GROSS PROFIT		310,118	338,355
Administrative expenses		520,323	474,993
		(210,205)	(136,638)
Other operating income		131,653	125,743
OPERATING LOSS	4	(78,552)	(10,895)
Interest receivable and similar income		5,138	4,644
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(73,414)	(6,251)
Tax on loss		(11,886)	(1,188)
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	AR	(61,528)	(5,063)

# Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 March 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
LOSS FOR THE YEAR		(61,528)	(5,063)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOM	ME	<del></del>	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	ME	(61,528)	(5,063)

# Balance Sheet 31 March 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	5		385,995		302,982
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	6	5,491 193,517 614,352		6,637 366,797 463,841	
		813,360		837,275	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	7	374,122		241,610	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			439,238		595,665
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			825,233		898,647
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					11,886
NET ASSETS			825,233		886,761
RESERVES					
Other reserves			300,000		300,000
Retained earnings			525,233		586,761
			825,233		886,761

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Commissioners on ......04.12.19...... and were signed by:



Chairman

# Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2019

	Retained earnings £	Other reserves £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 April 2017	591,824	300,000	891,824
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income  Balance at 31 March 2018	(5,063) 586,761	300,000	(5,063) 886,761
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	(61,528)	<u>-</u>	(61,528)
Balance at 31 March 2019	525,233	300,000	825,233

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

# 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Brightlingsea Harbour Commissioners were established by an Act of Parliament in 1927 as a Trust Port. It is an independent statutory body governed by a board of eight trustees known as Commissioners. The Brightlingsea Harbours Commissioners' registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£)

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents harbour, mooring and pilotage dues and income from Colchester Borough Council, ferry, town hard, boat park, wind farm, fuel sales and sundry income at invoice value excluding VAT.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold Property
Ferry Boats
Harbour Boats
Boat Engines
Pontoons
Mooring and Scrubbing posts
No depreciation
20% on cost
20% on cost
30.3% on cost
10% on cost
5% on cost

Equipment and Fittings 20% and 33.3% on cost Fuel Barge and Pontoon 10% and 20% on cost

The freehold property consists of office buildings, workshops and stores, the Wreck House and the oyster beds which, in the opinion of the Commissioners, would not show a true and fair view if they were depreciated. If depreciation had been charged it would have amounted to £3,928 (2018 £3,928) and is not considered to be material.

At each balance sheet date the Commissioners review the book value of the fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication of impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of that impairment loss

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### Grants

Grants received are recognised in the profit and Loss Account in the period that they are due unless they are received as a contribution towards specific expenditure on fixed assets, in which case the income is matched to the expenditure and therefore recognised over the expected economic life of the related asset.

Brightlingsea Harbour Commissioners secured funding with four European partners in 2016 for "A using sediment as a resource" project.

The provision for the grant included in the previous year's financial statements proved to be overstated and hence the current financial statements reflect this overprovision.

The grants reflected in the financial statements are as follows, 2019 £ (97,830) and 2018 £329,248).

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

## Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to the Profit and Loss Account over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments are treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

# Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the Brightlingsea Harbours Commissioners' pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

# Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit or loss.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by bank and cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND COMMISSIONERSS

The average number of employees during the year was 2019 - 24 and 2018 - 21.

Aggregate remuneration paid to Commissioners was £51,503 (2018 - £50,294)

## 4. **OPERATING LOSS**

The operating loss is stated after charging:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Depreciation - owned assets	31,299	32,877

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

# 5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Land and	Plant and machinery	
		buildings	etc	Totals
	COST	£	£	£
	At 1 April 2018	196,431	694,266	890,697
	Additions	4,220	110,092	114,312
	At 31 March 2019	200,651	804,358	1,005,009
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 April 2018	-	587,715	587,715
	Charge for year		31,299	31,299
	At 31 March 2019	<u>-</u>	619,014	619,014
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 March 2019	200,651	185,344	385,995
	At 31 March 2018	196,431	106,551	302,982
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YE	AR		
			2019	2018
	Trade debtors		£ 145,529	£ 21,474
	Other debtors		47,988	345,323
			102.515	266.707
			<u>193,517</u>	366,797
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE	YEAR		
			2019 £	2018 £
	Trade creditors		18,229	19,593
	Taxation and social security		7,088	5,168
	Other creditors		348,805	216,849
			374,122	241,610
8.	LEASING AGREEMENTS			
	Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating lease	s fall due as follo	ows: 2019	2018
			£	2018 £
	Within one year		6,150	7,895
				<del></del>

Brightlingsea Harbour Commissioners has a lease on the site of the fuel barge for which it pays an index linked annual rent of £5,000 and a variable 6p per litre charge based on volumes sold, subject to a £6,000 limit. The lease provides for an annual break clause since December 2016.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

Brightlingsea Harbour Commissioners has a lease on the site of the fuel barge for which it pays an index linked annual rent of £5,000 and a variable 6p per litre charge based on volumes sold, subject to a £6,000 limit. The lease provides for an annual break clause since December 2016.

# 9. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Commissioners do, from time to time, use the services provided by the entity but these are always provided at commercial rates.

The Commissioners Mr J Thomas was employed by Brightlingsea Harbour Commissioners and was paid salary at a commercial rate.

# Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 March 2019

	2019		2018	
	£	£	£	£
Turnover				
Grants	(97,830)		329,248	
Harbour Dues	55,650		51,327	
CBC	105,947		102,500	
Mooring fees	307,953		264,326	
SUFUSE	9,406		-	
Fuel	176,201		185,573	
Dredging	-		1,393	
		557,327		934,367
Cost of sales				
Opening stock	6,637		8,505	
Purchases	164,541		128,090	
Other direct costs	40,340		448,422	
Berthing rights	1,567		6,013	
Commission	3,500		3,500	
Tank hire and maintenance	9,423		8,119	
SUFUSE	21,369		0,117	
Dredging	5,323		_	
Dieuging	3,323			
	252,700		602,649	
Closing stock	(5,491)		(6,637)	
		247,209		596,012
GROSS PROFIT		310,118		338,355
		,		,
Other income				
Sundry receipts	13,090		22,732	
Ferry	43,460		35,927	
Marine services	14,100		11,992	
Pilotage	24,517		20,706	
Boat park / hard / jetty	20,737		18,514	
Water taxi	15,749		15,872	
Deposit account interest	5,138		4,644	
	_	136,791	_	130,387
		446,909		468,742
T 14				
Expenditure Rent	4,651		3,120	
Rates and water	7,161		6,404	
Insurance	19,169		20,015	
Light and heat	3,829		2,568	
Repairs to property	4,121		3,845	
Equipment maintenance	12,253		14,597	
Boat and buoy maintenance	21,259		19,149	
Ferry	9,490		6,821	
Environmental costs	5,504		4,859	
Wages	267,396		240,809	
Social security	18,006		17,327	
Pensions	2,801		1,397	
Office costs	16,173		12,926	
Telephone	1,451		1,315	
Telephone	1,101		1,515	

# **Trading and Profit and Loss Account** for the year ended 31 March 2019

	2019		2018	_
D 14 C 1	£	£	£	£
Brought forward	393,264	446,909	355,152	468,742
Advertising	2,237		4,092	
Travelling	500		957	
Sundry expenses	8,098		10,045	
Schools week	7,200		4,884	
Protective clothing	4,535		1,156	
Pilot fees	10,599		9,574	
Accountancy	3,300		5,450	
Subscriptions	5,912		3,296	
Waterside Marina	35,387		38,139	
Town jetty and hard	6,442		2,838	
Legal fees	611		2,303	
Auditors' remuneration	3,000		5,500	
Donations	898		-	
Profit/loss on sale of tangible fixed assets	-		(8,550)	
Bad debts	2,238		-	
Staff Training	1,609		3,644	
•		485,830		438,480
		(29,021)		20.262
		(38,921)		30,262
Finance costs				
Bank charges		3,194		3,636
		(42,115)		26,626
Depreciation				
Depn of equip & fittings	2,867		2,870	
Depn of fuel barge	14,083		14,083	
Depn of boats	6,891		9,378	
Depn of pontoons	7,458	21.200	6,546	22.055
		31,299		32,877
NET LOSS		(73,414)		(6,251)
TOWN COUNCIL, HARD, JETTY AND BOAT PA	RK			
		2019		2018
		£		£
Income		20,737		13,574

(6,442)

(18,058)

(3,763)

(2,838)

(6,899)

(17,635)

Costs:

Salaries

Maintenance and repairs